### Form 10-Q

### United States Securities And Exchange Commission Washington, D.C. 20549

|X| Quarterly Report pursuant to Section 13 or 15(D) of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934 for the fiscal quarter ended February 28, 1998  $_{
m L}|$  Transition Report pursuant to Section 13 or 15(D) of the Securities Exchange Act Of 1934 for the transition period from \_\_\_ \_ to \_ Commission File Number: 1-11869 FactSet Research Systems Inc. (Exact name of registrant as specified in its charter) Delaware 13-3362547 (State or other jurisdiction of incorporation or organization) (I.R.S. Employer Identification No.) One Greenwich Plaza, Greenwich, Connecticut 06830 (Address of principal executive office) (Zip Code) Registrant's telephone number, including area code: (203) 863-1500 Indicate by check mark whether the registrant (1) has filed all reports required to be filed by Section 13 or 15(d) of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934 during the preceding 12 months (or for such shorter period that the registrant was required to file such reports), and (2) has been subject to such filing requirements for the past 90 days. Yes  $|X| No|_-|$ Indicate the number of shares  $\$  outstanding  $\$  of each of the  $\$  issuer's  $\$  classes of common stock, as of the latest practicable date. Title of each class Outstanding at February 28, 1998 Common Stock, par value \$.01 9,635,068 FactSet Research Systems Inc. Form 10-Q Table of Contents Part I FINANCIAL INFORMATION Page Item 1. Financial Statements Consolidated Statements of Income for the three and six months ended February 28, 1998 and 1997.....3 Consolidated Statements of Financial Condition at February 28, 1998 and at August 31, 1997.....4 Consolidated Statements of Cash Flows for the six months ended February 28, 1998 and 1997.....5 Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements......6 Item 2. Management's Discussion and Analysis of Financial Condition and Results of Operations.....8 Part II OTHER INFORMATION Item 1. Legal Proceedings......11 Item 2. Changes in Securities......11

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FactSet Research Systems Inc.					
CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF INCOME-Unaudited	Three Mon	ths Ended			
In thousands, except per share data	February		28, February 28,		
	1998	1997	1998	1997	
Subscription Revenues					
Commissions	\$8,203	\$6,721	\$15,979	\$13,113	
Fees			20,572		
			,		
Total subscription revenues			36,551		
Expenses					
Cost of services	7,630	,	,	,	
Selling, general, and administrative		4,285		8,173	
Other expenses	772	506	1,479	1,005	
Total operating expenses	14,201		,	,	
Operating income	4,856	3,501	9,454	6,841	
Other income	384	206	, 751	323	
Income before income taxes and extraordinary gain	5,240	3,707	10,205	7,164	
Income taxes	2,311	1,615	4,501	3,110	
Net income before extraordinary gain	2,929	2,092	5,704	4,054	
Extraordinary gain, net of income taxes	242	-	242	-	
Net income	\$3,171	\$2,092	\$5,946	\$4,054	
	=====	=====	=====	=====	
Weighted average common shares	10,949		10,941	10,821	
	•				
Earnings per common share	\$0.29	\$0.19	\$0.54	\$0.37	

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these consolidated statements.

# CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF FINANCIAL CONDITION FactSet Research Systems Inc.

ASSETS		
Unaudited and in thousands	ebruary 28, 1998	August 31, 1997
CURRENT ASSETS Cash and cash equivalents Investments	\$30,586 -	\$26,816 1,375
Receivable from clients and clearing brokers Receivable from employees	9,247	549
Deferred taxes Other current assets	3,031 183	731
Total current assets	43,541	39,955
PROPERTY, EQUIPMENT, AND LEASEHOLD IMPROVEMENTS Property, equipment, and leasehold improvements, at cos Less accumulated depreciation	t 33,743 (20,295)	(17,658)
Property, equipment, and leasehold improvements, net	13,448	9,222
OTHER NON-CURRENT ASSETS		
Deferred taxes Other assets	865 727	731
TOTAL ASSETS	\$58,581	,
	======	=====
LIABILITIES AND STOCKHOLDERS' EQUITY		
Unaudited and in thousands	ebruary 28, 1998	August 31, 1997
CURRENT LIABILITIES		
Accounts payable and accrued expenses Accrued compensation	\$6,316 4,385	
Deferred fees and commissions	3,465	4,499
Current taxes payable Deferred rent	103 75	,
Deferred Tene		00
Total current liabilities	14,344	
Total current liabilities		12,885
Total current liabilities		12,885
NON-CURRENT LIABILITIES Deferred taxes	14,344  	12,885  180
NON-CURRENT LIABILITIES Deferred taxes Deferred rent	14,344  - 236	12,885  180 143
NON-CURRENT LIABILITIES Deferred taxes Deferred rent Total liabilities	14,344  236  14,580	12,885  180 143  13,208
NON-CURRENT LIABILITIES Deferred taxes Deferred rent Total liabilities	14,344  236  14,580	12,885  180 143  13,208
NON-CURRENT LIABILITIES Deferred taxes Deferred rent Total liabilities	14,344  236  14,580	12,885  180 143  13,208
NON-CURRENT LIABILITIES Deferred taxes Deferred rent  Total liabilities  STOCKHOLDERS' EQUITY Preferred stock, \$.01 par value, 10,000,000 shares authorized, none issued Common stock	14,344  236  14,580  97	12,885  180 143  13,208 
NON-CURRENT LIABILITIES Deferred taxes Deferred rent  Total liabilities  STOCKHOLDERS' EQUITY Preferred stock, \$.01 par value, 10,000,000 shares authorized, none issued Common stock Capital in excess of par value	14,344  236  14,580  97 2,806	12,885  180 143  13,208  96 1,995
NON-CURRENT LIABILITIES Deferred taxes Deferred rent  Total liabilities	14,344  236  14,580  97 2,806 41,534	12,885  180 143  13,208  96 1,995 35,588 239
NON-CURRENT LIABILITIES Deferred taxes Deferred rent  Total liabilities  STOCKHOLDERS' EQUITY Preferred stock, \$.01 par value, 10,000,000 shares authorized, none issued Common stock Capital in excess of par value Retained earnings	14,344  236  14,580  97 2,806 41,534	12,885  180 143  13,208  96 1,995 35,588 239
NON-CURRENT LIABILITIES Deferred taxes Deferred rent  Total liabilities	14,344  236  14,580  97 2,806 41,534 (436)	12,885  180 143  13,208  96 1,995 35,588 239 (291)

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these consolidated statements.

Unaudited and in thousands Six Months Ended February 28,		
CASH FLOWS FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES		
Net income Adjustments to reconcile net income to net	\$5,946	\$4,054
cash provided by operating activities Depreciation and amortization Deferred tax expense (benefit) Gain on sale of investment Accrued ESOP contribution	180	2,163 (259) - 300
Net income adjusted for non-cash items Changes in working capital		6,258
Receivable from clients and clearing brokers Accounts payable and accrued expenses Accrued compensation Deferred fees and commissions Current taxes payable Other working capital accounts, net	4,100 934	(1,667) 1,267 514 (227) (360) 242
Net cash provided by operating activities		6,027
CASH FLOWS FROM INVESTING ACTIVITIES Purchases of property, equipment, and leasehold improvements Proceeds from sale of investments	(6,862)	(4,661)
Net cash used in investing activities		
CASH FLOWS FROM FINANCING ACTIVITIES Repurchase of common stock from employees Proceeds from exercise of stock options	(5) 71	
Net cash provided by (used in) financing activities	66	(113)
Net increase in cash and cash equivalents Cash and cash equivalents at beginning of period	3,770 26,816	
Cash and cash equivalents at end of period	\$30,586 ======	\$16,953

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these consolidated statements.

NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FactSet Research Systems Inc. February 28, 1998 (Unaudited)

### 1. ORGANIZATION AND NATURE OF BUSINESS

FactSet Research Systems Inc. (the "Company") provides online integrated database services to the financial community. The Company's revenues are derived from subscription charges. Solely at the option of each client, these charges may be paid either in commissions on securities transactions (in which case subscription revenues are recorded as "Commissions") or on a cash basis (in which case subscription revenues are recorded as "Fees").

To facilitate the receipt of subscription revenues on a commission basis, the Company's wholly owned subsidiary, FactSet Data Systems, Inc. ("FDS"), is a member of the National Association of Securities Dealers, Inc. and is a registered broker-dealer under Section 15 of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934. FDS's only function is to facilitate the receipt of payments with respect to subscription charges and it does not otherwise engage in the securities business.

Subscription revenues paid in commissions are based on securities transactions introduced and cleared on a fully disclosed basis through one of two designated clearing brokers. A client paying subscription charges on a commission basis directs the clearing broker, at the time the client executes a securities transaction, to credit the commission on the transaction to FDS's account.

FactSet Pacific, Inc. and FactSet Limited are wholly owned subsidiaries of the Company and are U.S. corporations with branches in Tokyo and London, respectively.

### 2. ACCOUNTING POLICIES

The accompanying interim consolidated financial statements of FactSet Research Systems Inc. ("the Company") have been prepared in conformity with generally accepted accounting principles, consistent in all material respects with those applied in the Annual Report on Form 10-K for the fiscal year ended August 31, 1997. Interim financial information is unaudited, but reflects all normal adjustments which are, in the opinion of management, necessary to present fairly the results for the interim periods presented. The interim financial statements should be read in connection with the financial statements in the Company's Annual Report on Form 10-K for the fiscal year ended August 31, 1997.

# Financial Statement Presentation

The accompanying consolidated financial statements include the accounts of the Company and its subsidiaries. All significant intercompany activity and balances have been eliminated from the consolidated financial statements.

The financial reporting format of the Consolidated Statements of Income has been revised to enhance comparability with other companies in the online information services industry and to improve understanding of the Company's results of operations. The Consolidated Statements of Income have been reclassified in all prior periods presented to conform to the current year presentation.

Cost of services is composed of compensation and benefits for the employees of the software engineering and consulting departments, clearing fees, data costs, computer maintenance and depreciation expenses, and communication costs. Selling, general, and administrative expenses include compensation and benefits for employees involved with sales, product development and various support functions, promotional expenses, rent, amortization of leasehold improvements, depreciation of furniture and fixtures, and office expenses. The components of other expenses are professional fees and miscellaneous expenses.

# Use of Estimates

The preparation of financial statements in conformity with generally accepted accounting principles requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of assets and liabilities and disclosure of contingent assets and liabilities at the date of the financial statements and the reported amounts of revenues and expenses during the reporting period. Actual results could differ from those estimates.

# Revenue Recognition

Subscription charges are quoted to clients on an annual basis, but are earned as services are provided on a month-to-month basis. Subscription revenues, whether commissions or fees, are recorded as earned each month, based on one-twelfth of the annual subscription charge quoted to each client. Amounts that have been earned but not yet paid through the receipt of commissions on securities transactions or through cash payments are reflected on the Consolidated Statements of Financial Condition as receivable from clients. Amounts that have been received through commissions on securities transactions or through cash payments that are in excess of earned subscription revenues are reflected on the Consolidated Statements of Financial Condition as deferred fees and commissions.

# Clearing Fees

When subscription charges are recorded on a commission basis, the Company incurs clearing fees, which are the charges imposed by the clearing brokers used to execute and settle clients' securities transactions.

### Cash and Cash Equivalents

Cash and cash equivalents consist of demand deposits and money market investments with original maturities of three months or less.

#### Investments

Investment securities are classified as available-for-sale securities and are reported at market value or fair value as determined by management. Unrealized gains and losses on available-for-sale securities are recognized as a separate component of stockholders' equity, net of tax until sold.

# Property, Equipment, and Leasehold Improvements

Depreciation of computers and related equipment acquired before September 1, 1994 is recognized using the double declining balance method over estimated useful lives of five years. Computers and related equipment acquired after September 1, 1994 are depreciated on a straight-line basis over estimated useful lives of three years. Depreciation of furniture and fixtures is recognized using the double declining balance method over estimated useful lives of five years. Leasehold improvements are amortized on a straight-line basis over the terms of the related leases or estimated useful lives of the improvements, whichever period is shorter.

# Deferred Taxes

Deferred taxes are determined using a balance sheet approach. The income statement effect is derived from changes in deferred taxes on the balance sheet. This approach gives consideration to the future tax consequences associated with differences between financial accounting and tax bases of assets and liabilities. A valuation allowance is established to the extent management considers it more likely than not that some portion or all of the deferred tax assets will be realized. The effect on deferred taxes from income tax law changes are recognized immediately upon enactment. The Company records deferred taxes for such items as accrued compensation, deferred fees and commissions, and property, equipment, and leasehold improvements.

# Stock-Based Compensation

The Company follows the disclosure-only provisions of Statement of Financial Accounting Standards No. 123, Accounting for Stock-Based Compensation.

# Earnings Per Share

The computation of earnings per share in each year is based on the weighted average number of common shares and common share equivalents outstanding. The weighted average number of shares outstanding includes shares issued to the Company's employee stock ownership plan at the date authorized by the Board of Directors. Shares available pursuant to grants made under the Company's stock option plans are included as share equivalents using the treasury stock method.

On June 4, 1996, the Company increased the number of shares of common stock authorized from 5 million to 40 million, authorized 10 million shares of preferred stock issuable in series, and effected a 4-for-1 stock split with respect to the common stock. In connection with the stock splits, the par value of the common stock was reduced from \$1.00 to \$0.01 per share. For purposes of these financial statements, all common stock and per share amounts have been restated to reflect the stock splits.

# New Accounting Pronouncements

In February 1997, SFAS No. 128, Earnings Per Share ("SFAS 128") was issued. This statement requires dual presentation of basic and diluted earnings per share ("EPS") on the face of the income statement and reconciliation of the numerator and the denominator between the basic and diluted EPS computations. SFAS 128 will be effective for the Company's 1999 fiscal year. Had SFAS 128 been effective for fiscal years 1998 and 1997 basic EPS for the three months ended February 28, 1997 and 1996 would have been \$0.33 and \$0.22, respectively. For the first half of fiscal years 1998 and 1997, basic EPS would have been \$0.62 and \$0.42, respectively. EPS reported on the face of the income statement is identical to diluted EPS calculated under the provisions of SFAS 128.

In June 1997, SFAS No. 130, Reporting Comprehensive Income, and SFAS No. 131, Disclosures About Segments of an Enterprise and Related Information, were issued. Disclosures required by these statements will be effective for the Company's 1999 fiscal year.

In March 1998, Statement of Position 98-1, Accounting for The Costs of Computer Software Developed or Obtained for Internal Use was issued. This statement is effective for the Company's fiscal year ending in 2000. The impact from adoption of this new accounting pronouncement has not yet been determined.

# MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS OF FINANCIAL CONDITION AND RESULTS OF OPERATIONS

### OVERVIEW

### The Company

FactSet Research Systems Inc. is the leading provider of online integrated database services to the financial community. The Company's software technology combines multiple large-scale databases into a single mainframe information system accessible from clients' personal computers. Simultaneous access to over 85 databases creates a comprehensive, "one stop" source for financial and economic information, news, and commentary on tens of thousands of companies and securities worldwide. The Company's proprietary software tools enable clients to easily download, screen, manipulate, and analyze data in a virtually infinite array of formats, principally custom reports designed by and for the user. FactSet markets its services to investment managers, investment banks, and other financial services institutions throughout the world.

### Business Environment

Demand for online information by the financial community is, to some degree, impacted by the health of global financial markets.

The strength of the US and European equity markets have caused the population of potential users of FactSet's products and services to expand. The Company has no reason to believe that future demand for its products and services will diminish. However, a significant decline in the global equity markets could adversely impact the Company's results of operations, cash flows and financial position.

The Asian and Pacific Rim financial markets have experienced significant volatility during the past year. Revenues from the Company's Asian and Pacific Rim operations are not significant when compared to the Company's total consolidated revenues. Accordingly, should declines in the Asian and Pacific Rim stock markets continue, the impact on the Company's future results of operations, cash flows and financial position are not expected to be material.

# Future Investments

Major investments in technology and people are ongoing to expand the Company's presence in the global marketplace. During the first half of fiscal 1998, the Company installed various processor, memory and network upgrades, and purchased a fourth mainframe for both of its data centers. A fifth mainframe will likely be installed in both data centers in the second half of the fiscal year.

The worldwide employee base continues to expand in conjunction with the Company's growth. At February 28, 1998, the Company employed 219 individuals (240 as of March 31, 1998), an increase of 42% from the end of the second quarter of fiscal 1997. As a result of this rapid growth, the Company has arranged for additional office space in New York City, San Mateo (California) and Tokyo and is seeking to add office space in Connecticut. Accordingly, the projected level of the Company's total capital spending in fiscal 1998 will likely be more than double the fiscal 1997 amount of \$6.0 million.

The Company is actively developing programs to adjust mainframe applications and data provided by third parties to be fully year 2000 compliant. While there can be no absolute assurance of completion by year 2000, the Company does not believe this transition will have an adverse material impact on its future results of operations, cash flows, or financial position.

# RESULTS OF OPERATIONS

	Three Mont	hs Ending ruary 28,			hs Ending ruary 28,	
Unaudited and in thousands, except per share data	1998	1997	Change	1998	1997	Change
Revenues	\$19,057	\$13,985	36.3%	\$36,551	\$26,809	36.3%
Operating expenses	14,201	10,484	35.5	27,097	19,968	35.7
Operating income	4,856	3,501	38.7	9,454	6,841	38.2
Income before income taxes and extraordinary gain	5,240	3,707	41.3	10,205	7,164	42.4
Net income before extraordinary gain	2,929	2,092	40.0	5,704	4,054	40.7
Extraordinary gain, net of income taxes	242	· -		242	· -	
Net income	3,171	2,092	51.6	5,946	4,054	46.7
Earnings per share	\$0.29	\$0.19	52.6%	\$0.54	\$0.37	46.0%

### Revenues

Revenues for the second fiscal quarter ended February 28, 1998 were \$19.1 million. For the first half, revenues totaled \$36.6 million. For both the quarter and the half, revenues increased by 36.3% over the comparable periods a year earlier. Additional subscriptions to services, databases and passwords, and new client additions were the underlying growth drivers.

At quarter-end, the number of passwords in use grew to over 12,000, approximately a 50% increase from the second quarter of fiscal 1997. Client count totaled 521 at February 28, 1998, a net addition of 60 clients over the past twelve months. Retention of existing clients continued at a rate in excess of 95%.

Quarterly revenues from international operations were \$2.3 million for the three months ending February 28, 1998, a 64% increase over fiscal 1997's comparable period. Overseas revenues over the first half of fiscal 1998 increased to \$4.4 million, or 71% over the year ago period. Revenues from international sources now account for 12% of consolidated revenues for both the second fiscal quarter and the first half of fiscal 1998, up from 10% for the comparable periods a year earlier. The majority of international clients pay for services in U.S. dollars and the net monetary assets held by the Company's foreign offices was immaterial. Accordingly, the Company's exposure to foreign currency fluctuations was insignificant.

Total client commitments reached \$78.7 million at February 28, 1998, up 35% from a year prior. Additional subscription services to and passwords from existing clients increased the average commitment per client to \$151,000, or 19% from a year ago. ("Commitments" represent a freeze frame of the annual revenues that the Company would receive from a particular client based on the services currently being supplied to that client.) At the end of 1998's second fiscal quarter, no individual client accounted for more than 4% of total commitments and commitments among the top ten clients did not exceed 15% of the total. As a matter of policy, the Company does not seek to enter into written contracts with its clients. Accordingly, clients are free to add or delete services at any time. Historically, commitments have grown in virtually every month.

### Operating Expenses

Cost of services includes employee compensation and benefits, clearing fees, data costs, computer maintenance and depreciation expenses, and communication costs. For the quarter ended February 28, 1998, cost of services were \$7.6 million, up 34.0% over the comparable period in fiscal 1997. In the first half of fiscal 1998, cost of services totaled \$14.5 million, an increase of 34.4% over the year earlier period. New employees and additional clearing fees were largely the cause of these increases. Personnel in the engineering and consulting departments increased by over 40% during the past twelve months. Accordingly, employee compensation and benefits rose by \$900,000 on a quarter over quarter basis and by \$1.6 million for the six months ended February 28, 1998. New clients paying for services by way of commissions on securities transactions caused clearing fees to rise by \$400,000 for the second quarter and by \$700,000 for the first half of fiscal 1998, increases of more than 30% over a comparable periods in fiscal 1997.

Selling, general, and administrative ("SG&A") expenses include employee compensation and benefits, promotional expenses, rent, amortization of leasehold improvements, depreciation of furniture and fixtures, and office expenses. SG&A expenses in 1998's second fiscal quarter were \$5.8 million, an increase of 35.3% over the year earlier period. During the first half of fiscal 1998, SG&A expenses totaled \$11.1 million, a rise of 36.0% when compared to the six months ending February 28, 1997. Employee additions and merit raises were the primary sources of these increases. Over the past twelve months, the number of employees in the sales, product development, and various support departments increased by 33% when compared February 28, 1997. As a result, employee compensation increased by \$1.0 million in the second quarter and by \$2.0 million during the first half of fiscal 1998 versus fiscal 1997's comparable totals.

# Operating Margins

Operating margins for the quarter ending February, 28 1998 increased by 50 basis points when compared to the year ago period. For the six months ended February 28, 1998 operating margins grew by 35 basis points when compared to the same period in fiscal 1997. Margin expansion was primarily caused in the mix between fee and commission revenues and declining depreciation and data costs as a percentage of revenues. These improvements were partially offset by additional compensation and benefits related to the increased staffing levels.

Fee (cash) revenues produces a higher margin than Commission revenues. While net revenues to the Company is essentially the same under both payment methods, to cover the clearing charges, commission clients pay a higher amount than clients who pay in cash. During the second quarter of fiscal 1998, the percentage of cash revenues increased to 57% of the consolidated total versus 52% during the year ago quarter. Over the first half of fiscal 1998, cash revenues represented 56% of consolidated revenues as compared to 51% for the six moths ending February 28, 1997. Depreciation expense on computer equipment decreased as a percentage of revenues primarily due to the timing of capital expenditures in fiscal 1998 and the level of computer equipment that had become fully depreciated at 1997's fiscal year end. Data costs in fiscal 1998 has increased slower than revenues since the purchase of additional data by the Company has not been required to support its growth objectives.

# Net Income and Earnings Per Share

During the fiscal quarter ended February 28, 1998, net income increased to \$3.1 million, or 51.6 % from the year earlier period. For the first six months of fiscal 1998, net income was \$5.9 million, up 46.7% from fiscal 1997's comparable period. A \$242,000 extraordinary gain was recorded in connection with the sale of the Company's investment in a limited partnership during the second quarter of fiscal 1998. Excluding this extraordinary gain, second quarter net income was \$2.9 million, a 40.0% increase over the comparable period in fiscal 1997. For the six months ending February 28, 1998, net income was \$5.7 million, an increase of 40.7% versus the year ago period. Earnings per share ("EPS") for 1998's second quarter totaled \$0.29 and for the first half, EPS was \$0.54. Excluding the extraordinary gain, EPS was \$0.27 in the second quarter, up 42% from a year ago. For the first half of fiscal 1998 without the extraordinary gain, EPS increased to \$0.52 or 41% over the comparable period in fiscal 1997.

### Liquidity

Cash generated by operating activities totaled \$9.2 million for the six months ended February 28, 1998 versus \$6.0 million a year ago. Cash used in investing activities were \$5.5 million, up from fiscal 1997's comparable total of \$4.7 million. In the second quarter of fiscal 1998, capital spending totaled \$6.0 million. A fourth Digital Equipment Alpha mainframe machine was added to each of the Company's data center. Each mainframe machine was also upgraded to run on eight 625mhz CPU's and 10 gigabytes of RAM. As discussed above under the caption "Future Investments," the Company expects that capital expenditures for fiscal 1998 will likely be more than twice the \$6.0 million incurred during fiscal 1997.

All capital and operating expense requirements have been financed by cash from operations. At February 28, 1998, cash and cash equivalents totaled \$30.6 million. The Company has no outstanding indebtedness.

# Accounting Pronouncements

In June 1997, SFAS No. 128, Earnings Per Share; SFAS No. 130, Reporting Comprehensive Income; and SFAS No. 131, Disclosures About Segments of an Enterprise and Related Information, were issued. In March 1998, Statement of Position 98-1, Accounting for the Costs of Computer Software Developed or Obtained for Internal Use was issued. Refer to Note 2, "Accounting Policies" for further information.

# Forward-Looking Statements

This Management's Discussion and Analysis of the Company's results of operations and financial condition contains forward-looking statements that are based on management's current expectations and beliefs. The phrases "no reason to believe," "could adversely impact," "are not expected," "are ongoing," "continues," "is seeking," "will likely be" "does not believe," and "commitments" are intended to identify such forward-looking statements. These statements are not guarantees of future performance and involve certain risks, uncertainties, and assumptions which are difficult to predict ("future factors"). Therefore, actual results may differ materially from what is expressed or forecasted in such forward-looking statements. The Company undertakes no obligation to publicly update any forward-looking statements as a result of new information, future events, or otherwise. Future factors include the ability to hire qualified personnel, maintenance of the Company's leading technological position; the successful negotiation of contract terms supporting new and existing databases; the ongoing employment of key personnel; the absence of U.S. or foreign governmental regulation restricting international business; and the sustainability of historical levels of profitability and growth rates in cash flow generation.

# Part II OTHER INFORMATION

Item 1. Legal Proceedings: None

Item 2. Changes in Securities: None

Item 3. Defaults Upon Senior Securities: None

Item 4. Submission of Matters to a Vote of Security Holders:

The Annual Meeting of Shareholders of FactSet Research Systems Inc. was held on January 8, 1998.

1. Each of the four nominees to the Board of Directors was elected:

Director	Term	For	Not For	Abstain
Joseph E. Laird, Jr.	1 yr.	8,998,347	215,894	214,064
Walter F. Siebecker	2 yrs.	9,212,411	1,830	214,064
David R. Korus	3 yrs.	9,118,667	95,574	214,064
John C. Mickle	3 yrs.	9,212,311	1,930	214,064

2. The appointment of Price Waterhouse LLP as independent public accountants of the Company was ratified:

For 9,211,624 Not For 1,700 Abstain 907

3. The adoption of the Non-employee Directors' Stock Option Plan was ratified:

For 8,643,501 Not For 543,662 Abstain 25,328

Item 5. Other Information: None

Item 6. Exhibits and Reports on Form 8-K

(a) Exhibits Exhibit Number

3.1
3.2By-laws (1)
4.1Form of Common Stock (1)
10.1Form of Employment Agreement between the Company
and Howard E. Wille and Charles J. Snyder (1)
10.2Letter Agreement between the Company and Ernest S. Wong (1)
27Financial Data Schedules
(1)Incorporated by reference to the Company's Registration Statement on Form S-1

(1)Incorporated by reference to the Company's Registration Statement on Form S-1 (File No.333-4238)

(b) Reports on Form 8-K: None

SIGNATURE

Pursuant to the requirements of Section 13 or 15(d) of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, the Registrant has duly caused this report to be signed on its behalf by the undersigned, thereunto duly authorized.

FACTSET RESEARCH SYSTEMS INC.

Date: April 13, 1998 BY: /s/ ERNEST S. WONG Ernest S. Wong,

Senior Vice President, Chief Financial Officer and Secretary